

ERCC6L Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-11196

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

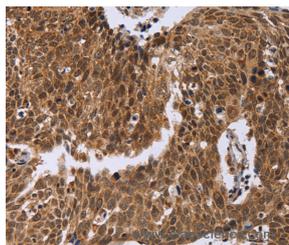
Description

Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human ERCC6L
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4

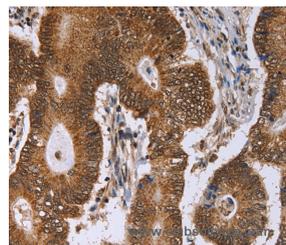
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:50-1:200

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using ERCC6L Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:30



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer tissue using ERCC6L Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:30

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

PICH (Plk1-interacting checkpoint helicase), also known as DNA excision repair protein ERCC-6-like (ERCC6L) or tumor antigen BJ-HCC-15, is a 1,250 amino acid protein belonging to the SNF2/RAD54 helicase family. PICH is a DNA helicase and an essential component of the spindle assembly checkpoint. During mitosis, PICH recruits MAD2 to kinetochores and also regulates the tension on centromeric chromatin. PICH is concentrated in between the kinetochores in prometaphase cells, while in metaphase it localizes to the thin threads composed of catenated centromeric DNA that stretch between sister kinetochores. PICH is phosphorylated by Plk, which prevents PICH from associating with chromosome arms and restricts the localization of PICH to the kinetochore-centromere region. PICH/Plk interaction is also required for correct Plk localization to the kinetochore. PICH contains one helicase ATP-binding domain, two TPR repeats and one helicase C-terminal domain.

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