

Recombinant Cynomolgus Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15/Siglec-15/CD33L3 (C-Fc)

Catalog No. PKSQ050112

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

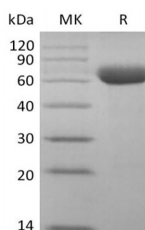
Description

Synonyms	Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15;Siglec-15;CD33 antigen-like 3;CD33L3
Species	Cynomolgus macaques
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Phe20-Thr263
Accession	A0A2K5UY47
Calculated Molecular Weight	53.1 kDa
Observed molecular weight	55-70 kDa
Tag	C-Fc
Bioactivity	Loaded Anti-Human Siglec15 mAb-mFc on AMQ Biosensor, can bind Cynomolgus Siglec-15-Fc with an affinity constant of 0.16 nM as determined in BLI assay.

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 100mM Glycine, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.5. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

For Research Use Only

Background

Siglec-15 is a transmembrane glycoprotein in the Siglec family. Siglecs are type I transmembrane proteins where the NH₃⁺-terminus is in the extracellular space and the COO⁻-terminus is cytosolic. Each Siglec contains an N-terminal V-type immunoglobulin domain (Ig domain) which acts as the binding receptor for sialic acid. These lectins are placed into the group of I-type lectins because the lectin domain is an immunoglobulin fold. All Siglecs are extended from the cell surface by C2-type Ig domains which have no binding activity. Siglecs differ in the number of these C2-type domains. Siglec-15 function is important for osteoclast formation and TRANCE/RANK Ligand signaling in osteoclasts.